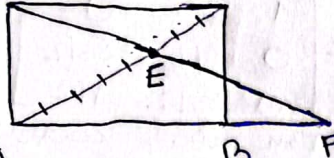


1) 

$\vec{AE} = \frac{5}{8} \vec{AC}$. Нека је $\vec{DF} = \alpha \vec{DE}$, $\vec{AF} = \beta \vec{AB}$

$\Rightarrow \vec{DF} = \alpha \vec{DE} = \alpha (\vec{DA} + \vec{AE}) = \alpha \vec{DA} + \alpha \cdot \frac{5}{8} \vec{AC}$

$= -\alpha \vec{AD} + \frac{5}{8} \alpha (\vec{AD} + \vec{DC}) = -\frac{3}{8} \alpha \vec{AD} + \frac{5}{8} \alpha \vec{AB}$

С друге стране, $\vec{DF} = \vec{DA} + \vec{AF} = -\vec{AD} + \beta \vec{AB}$ па изједначавајемо

$\Rightarrow (1 - \frac{3}{8} \alpha) \vec{AD} + (\frac{5}{8} \alpha - \beta) \vec{AB} = \vec{0}$, $\vec{AB}, \vec{AD}$ лнн. нез $\Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{8}{3} \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{5}{3}$

$\Rightarrow \vec{AF} = \frac{5}{3} \vec{AB} = \frac{5}{3} \vec{AF} + \frac{5}{3} \vec{FB} \Rightarrow -\frac{2}{3} \vec{AF} = \frac{5}{3} \vec{FB} \Rightarrow \frac{AF}{FB} = \frac{5}{2}$

2) $P(t, t+1, 2t+2) \in \rho$ произв, $Q(3\Delta+1, -2\Delta+3, 3\Delta-1) \in \rho$ произв.

$\rho = PQ$ (овим смо обезбедили да ρ сине праве ρ и ρ)

1) $\rho \parallel \alpha \Rightarrow \vec{n}_\alpha \cdot \vec{PQ} = 0 \Leftrightarrow (1, 1, 1) \cdot (3\Delta - t + 1, -2\Delta - t + 2, 3\Delta - 2t - 3) = 0$

$\Rightarrow 3\Delta - t + 1 - 2\Delta - t + 2 + 3\Delta - 2t - 3 = 0 \Rightarrow 4\Delta - 4t = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta = t$

$\Rightarrow \vec{PQ} = (2t+1, -3t+2, t-3)$

2) $d(P, Q) = \sqrt{14} \Rightarrow 14 = \|\vec{PQ}\|^2 = (2t+1)^2 + (-3t+2)^2 + (t-3)^2$ $14t(t-1) = 0$

$\Rightarrow 14 = 4t^2 + 4t + 1 + 9t^2 - 12t + 4 + t^2 - 6t + 9 \Rightarrow 14t^2 - 14t = 0$

$\Rightarrow t_1 = 0, t_2 = 1 \Rightarrow P_1(0, 1, 2), \vec{P_1Q_1} = (1, 2, -3) \vee P_2(1, 2, 4), \vec{P_2Q_2} = (3, -1, -2)$

$\Rightarrow \rho_1 = P_1Q_1: \frac{x}{1} = \frac{y-1}{2} = \frac{z-2}{-3}, \rho_2 = P_2Q_2: \frac{x-1}{3} = \frac{y-2}{-1} = \frac{z-4}{-2}$

3) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 12 & 22 \\ 12 & 8 & 16 \\ 22 & 16 & 20 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 12 \\ 12 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \varphi_B(\lambda) = \begin{vmatrix} 15-\lambda & 12 \\ 12 & 8-\lambda \end{vmatrix}$

$= \lambda^2 - 23\lambda - 24 = (\lambda+1)(\lambda-24)$

$\Rightarrow \lambda_1 = -1, \lambda_2 = 24$

$\lambda = -1 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 16 & 12 \\ 12 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} = \vec{0} \Rightarrow 4a + 3b = 0 \Rightarrow a = -\frac{3}{4}b$

$\Rightarrow \vec{u}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -3/4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \vec{u}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 4/5 \\ 3/5 \end{bmatrix}$

$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3/5 & 4/5 \\ 4/5 & 3/5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = -\frac{3}{5}x' + \frac{4}{5}y' \\ y = \frac{4}{5}x' + \frac{3}{5}y' \end{cases}$

$\mathcal{K}: \frac{15}{25}(9x'^2 - 24x'y' + 16y'^2) + \frac{8}{25}(16x'^2 + 24x'y' + 9y'^2)$

$+ \frac{24}{25}(-12x'^2 + 7x'y' + 12y'^2) + \frac{44}{5}(-3x' + 4y') + \frac{32}{5}(4x' + 3y') + 20 = 0$

$\mathcal{K}: -x'^2 + 24y'^2 - \frac{4}{5}x' + \frac{272}{5}y' + 20 = 0$

$\mathcal{K}: -(x' + \frac{2}{5})^2 + \frac{4}{25} + 24(y' + \frac{17}{15})^2 - \frac{289}{75} + 20 = 0$

$\mathcal{K}: 24(\underbrace{y' + \frac{17}{15}}_{x''})^2 - (\underbrace{x' + \frac{2}{5}}_{y''})^2 = \frac{2312 - 1500 - 12}{75} = \frac{800}{75} = \frac{32}{3}$

$$\begin{cases} x'' = y' + \frac{17}{15} \\ y'' = x' + \frac{2}{5} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x'' : 24x''^2 - y''^2 = \frac{32}{3} \quad / : \frac{32}{3} \\ y'' : \frac{x''^2}{\frac{4}{3}} - \frac{y''^2}{\frac{32}{3}} = 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \text{ХИПЕРБОЛА}$$

$$c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{9} + \frac{96}{9}} = \frac{10}{3} \Rightarrow F_1''\left(\frac{10}{3}, 0\right), F_2''\left(-\frac{10}{3}, 0\right)$$

формуле $x = -\frac{3}{5}(y'' - \frac{2}{5}) + \frac{4}{5}(x'' - \frac{17}{15}) = \frac{4}{5}x'' - \frac{3}{5}y'' - \frac{2}{3} \Rightarrow F_1(2, 1)$

$$y = \frac{4}{5}(y'' - \frac{2}{5}) + \frac{3}{5}(x'' - \frac{17}{15}) = \frac{3}{5}x'' + \frac{4}{5}y'' - 1 \Rightarrow F_2(-\frac{10}{3}, 3)$$

4 $\alpha: 2x - 2y + z + 6 = 0$, $P: \begin{cases} x - 2y + 10 = 0 \\ x + z + 2 = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow P: \begin{cases} x = 2t - 10 \\ y = t, t \in \mathbb{R} \\ z = -2t + 8 \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow \vec{P} = (2, 1, -2)$, $P(-10, 0, 8) \in P$

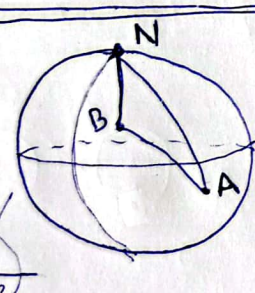
$M(x, y, z)$ проишв $\Rightarrow \rho: d(M, \alpha) = d(M, P) = \frac{\|\vec{PM} \times \vec{P}\|}{\|\vec{P}\|}$

$$d(M, \alpha) = \frac{|2x - 2y + z + 6|}{\sqrt{4 + 1 + 4}} = \frac{|2x - 2y + z + 6|}{3}$$

$$\vec{PM} \times \vec{P} = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ x+10 & y & z-8 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = (-2y - z + 8, 2z + 2x + 4, x - 2y + 10)$$

$$\Rightarrow \rho: \frac{|2x - 2y + z + 6|}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{(2y + z - 8)^2 + 4(z + x + 2)^2 + (x - 2y + 10)^2}}{\sqrt{4 + 1 + 4}}$$

$$\rho: (2x - 2y + z + 6)^2 = (2y + z - 8)^2 + 4(x + z + 2)^2 + (x - 2y + 10)^2$$

5 

$A: \varphi_A = -\frac{\pi}{4}, \theta_A = \frac{\pi}{2}$ $B: \varphi_B = \frac{\pi}{6}, \theta_B = \frac{\pi}{3}$

II НАЧУН претн да је $R = 1$

$$\cos \widehat{AB} = \cos \widehat{NA} \cos \widehat{NB} + \sin \widehat{NA} \sin \widehat{NB} \cos \Delta ANB$$

$$\widehat{NA} = \varphi_N - \varphi_A = \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{3\pi}{4} \quad \widehat{NB} = \varphi_N - \varphi_B = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\Delta ANB = |\theta_A - \theta_B| = |\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{3}| = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \widehat{AB} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{8} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}$$

3A $R = 3390$

$\Rightarrow$

$$\widehat{AB} = 3390 \text{ arc cos } \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}$$

II НАЧУН претн да је $R = 1 \Rightarrow (x, y, z) = (\cos \varphi \cos \theta, \cos \varphi \sin \theta, \sin \varphi)$

$$\Rightarrow A\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot 0, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot 1, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \Rightarrow A\left(0, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$B\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right) \Rightarrow B\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\cos \angle AOB = \vec{OA} \cdot \vec{OB} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \widehat{AB} = 3390 \text{ arc cos } \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}$$

† пошто су „лени“
углови можемо
радити преко
ДЕКАРТОВИХ координата